



Session Tronc Commun

1·2·3 FÉVRIER 2023

MARSEILLE·PALAIS DU PHARO



PLACE
DE
L'IMAGERIE

Pascal Motreff

Pascal Motreff

Conflits d'intérêts

Consulting, Proctoring : Abbott Vascular, Boston, Medtronic, Shockwave, Terumo



Boulevard des études

Avenue des recommandations

Chemin de la pratique

RESEARCH ARTICLE

Percutaneous coronary intervention in left main coronary artery disease with or without intravascular ultrasound: A meta-analysis

Yicong Ye, PLOS One 2017

10 études (1 seule randomisée)

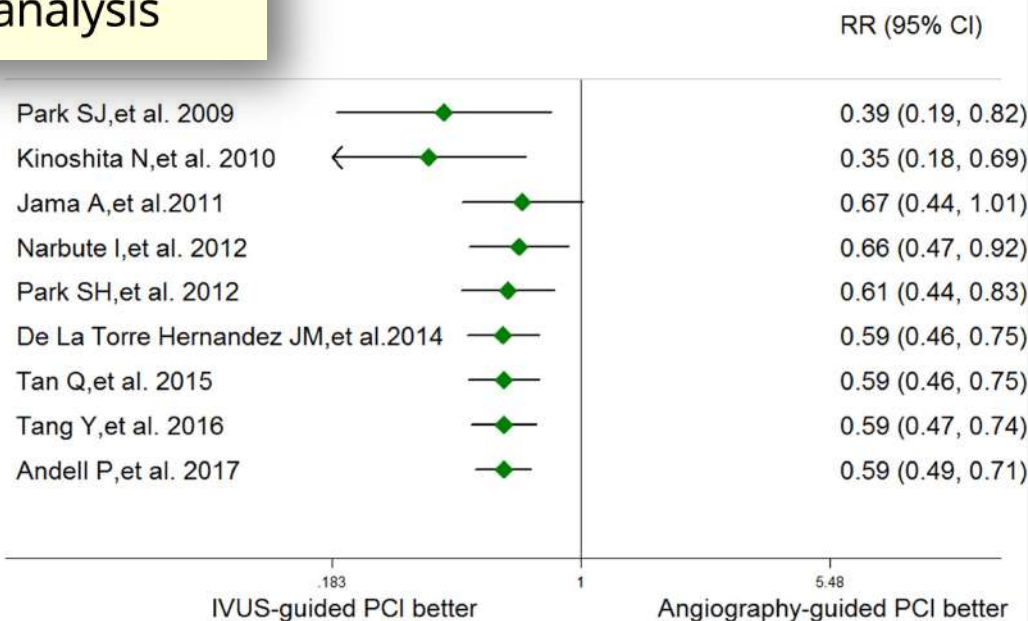
6480 pts

Décès toutes causes **RR 0.60**

Décès cardiaques RR 0.47

TLR **RR 0.43**

Thrombose de stent **RR 0.28**

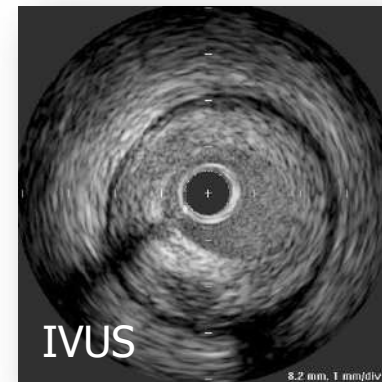


Quelle imagerie ?

IVUS ou OCT

IVUS :

antériorité des études
plus simple de multiplier les pullbacks
moins gêné au niveau de l'ostium



Quelle imagerie ?

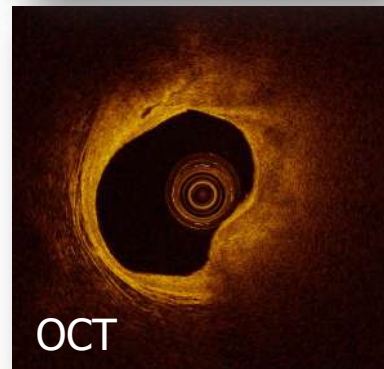
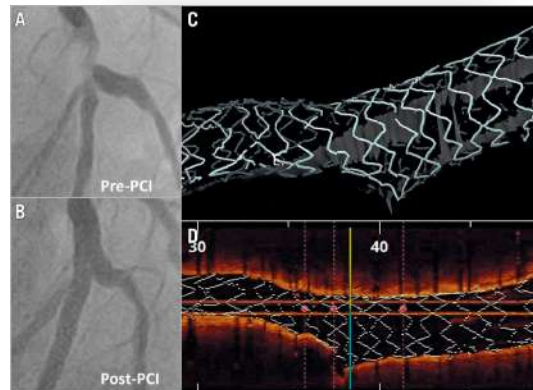
IVUS ou OCT

IVUS :

antériorité des études
plus simple de multiplier les pullbacks
moins gêné au niveau de l'ostium

OCT :

meilleure résolution (x 10)
images plus simples a analyser
outils de reconstruction online



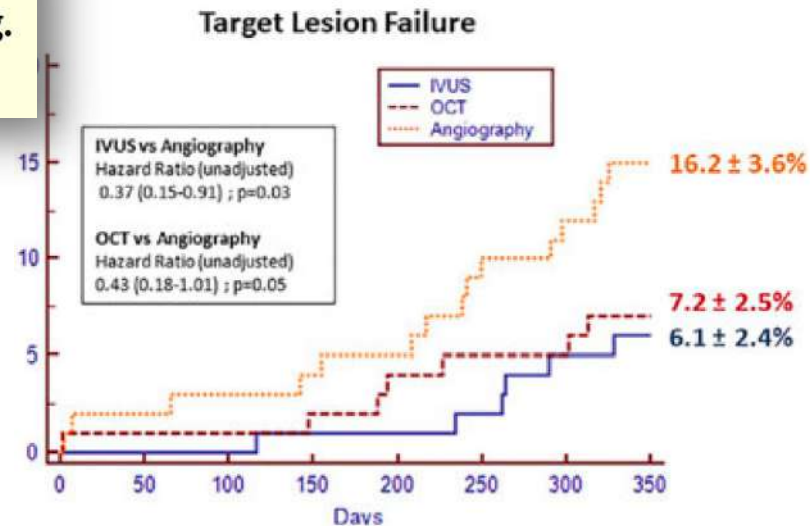
Quelle imagerie ?

IVUS ou OCT

Optical coherence tomography, intravascular ultrasound or angiography guidance for distal left main coronary stenting.
The ROCK cohort II study

Cortese B, Catheter Cardiovasc Interv 2022

730 angioplasties TC distaux, randomisées
OCT= IVUS >> angio



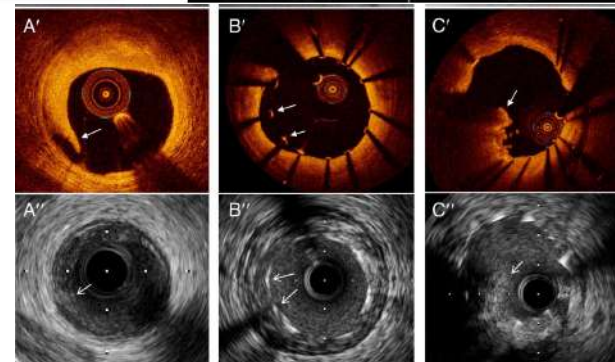
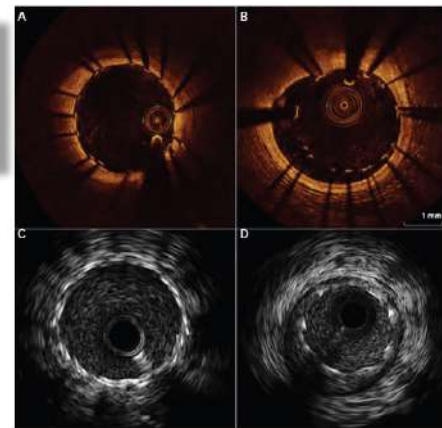
Quelle imagerie ?

CENTRAL ILLUSTRATION: IVUS and OCT: Similarities and Differences

| | OCT | | | Pre-PCI | IVUS | | |
|---|-----------|------|----------|--|----------|------|-----------|
| | Very good | Good | Feasible | | Feasible | Good | Very good |
| → | ● | ● | ● | Severity of calcium | ● | ● | |
| | | ● | ● | Prediction of slow flow | ● | | |
| | ● | ● | ● | Stent sizing by vessel wall | ● | ● | ● ← |
| | ● | ● | ● | Stent length to cover normal to normal | ● | ● | ● ← |
| | | | | Post-PCI | | | |
| → | ● | ● | ● | Stent expansion | ● | ● | ● |
| → | ● | ● | ● | Tissue protrusion through strut | ● | ● | |
| → | ● | ● | ● | Stent malapposition | ● | ● | |
| | ● | ● | ● | Stent deformation (frequently at aorto-ostium) | ● | ● | |
| | ● | ● | ● | Stent edge dissection | ● | ● | |
| | ● | ● | ● | Residual disease at stent edge | ● | ● | ● |
| | | | | Follow-up | | | |
| | ● | ● | ● | Old stent expansion | ● | ● | ● |
| | ● | ● | ● | Tissue coverage | ● | ● | ● |
| | ● | ● | ● | Neointimal hyperplasia | ● | ● | ● |
| | ● | ● | ● | Stent fracture | ● | ● | ● |
| | ● | ● | ● | Stent malapposition | ● | ● | ● |
| → | ● | ● | ● | Positive remodeling of vessel wall | ● | ● | ● ← |
| → | ● | ● | ● | Neointimal hyperplasia | ● | ● | ● ← |

Stent expansion
Couverture de la lésion

Dissection des bords
Malapposition
Protrusion

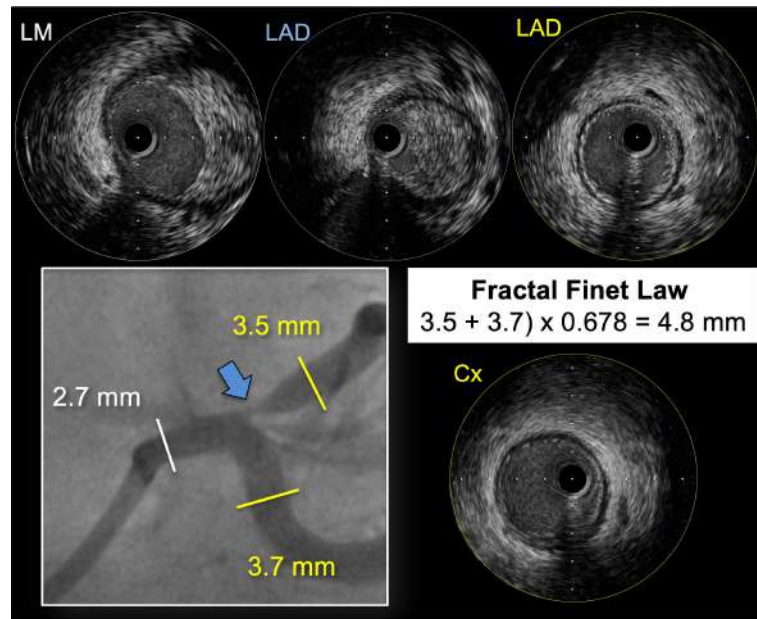
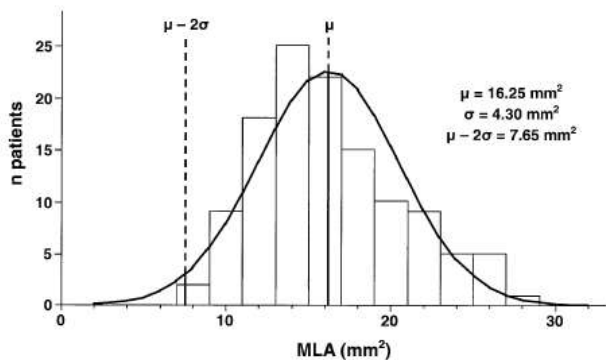


Maehara A, J Am Coll Cardiol Img 2017

« Avant d'enfiler les gants »

Connaissance anatomique, loi fractale
Validations techniques bifurcations

Intravascular Ultrasound-Guided
Treatment for Angiographically
Indeterminate Left Main Coronary Artery Disease
A Long-Term Follow-Up Study



Fassa, J Am Coll Cardiol 2005
Motreff P, Finet G, Eurointervention 2010

Qu'est ce qu'elle nous apporte ?

« Avant d'enfiler les gants »

Connaissance anatomique, loi fractale
Validations techniques bifurcations

Au trois temps de la procédure

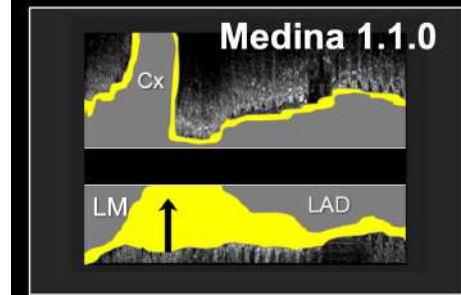
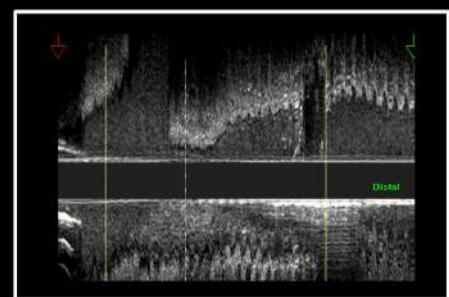
Avant / Pendant / Après



Place de l'imagerie

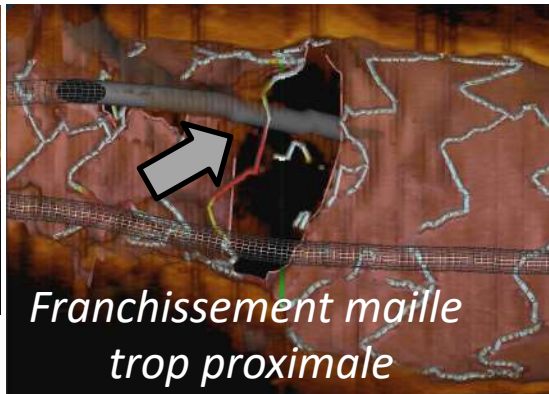
AVANT la procédure

- Confirmer le caractère serré de la sténose (6mm^2)
- Analyse **qualitative** de la lésion (préparation)
- MEDINA reconsidérée
- Stratégie : 1 ou 2 stents
- **Choix du stent** (longueur, diamètre), propriétés expansion
- **Landing Zone**, couverture de l'ostium du TC ou pas
- Planification du POT



PENDANT la procédure

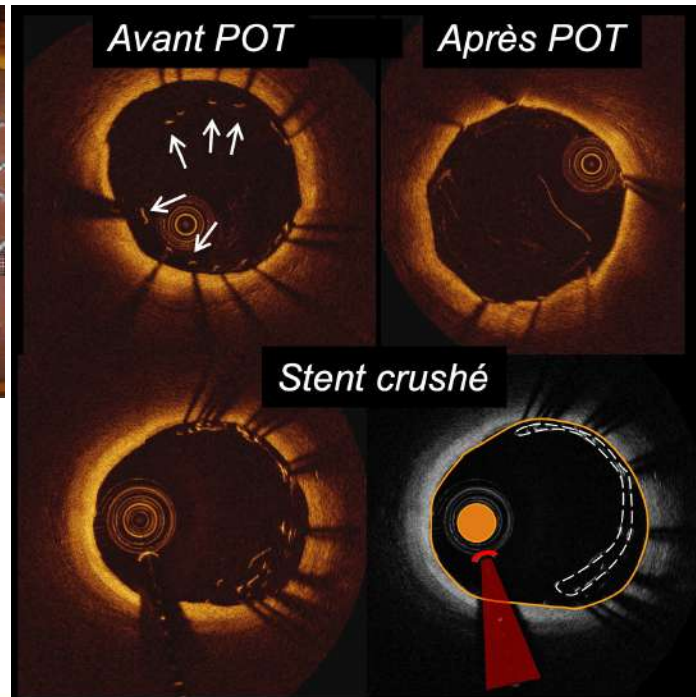
Compression proximale



- Eviter les pièges
- Corriger les erreurs
- Aide au POT, positionnement guides

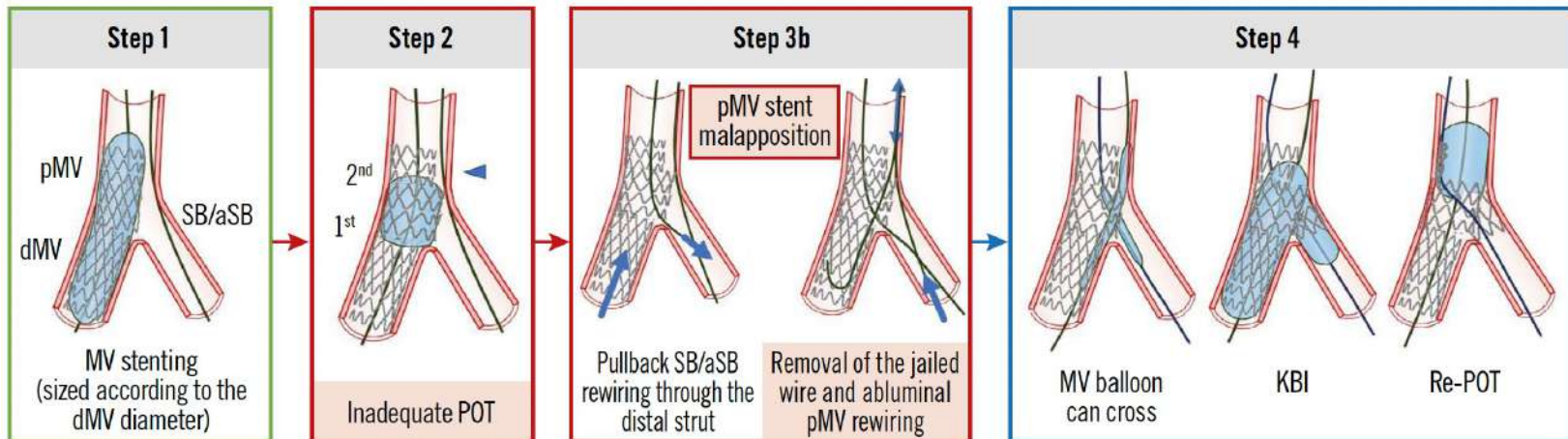
Avant POT

Après POT



Place de l'imagerie

PENDANT la procédure



Albiero R, 16th EBC consensus, Eurointervention 2022

LEMON study

Amabile N., Eurointervention 2021

- OCT-guided LM PCI using Xience EES (n=70)
- Bifurcation technique was left at the discretion of the operator

Influence of OCT analysis on PCI flow

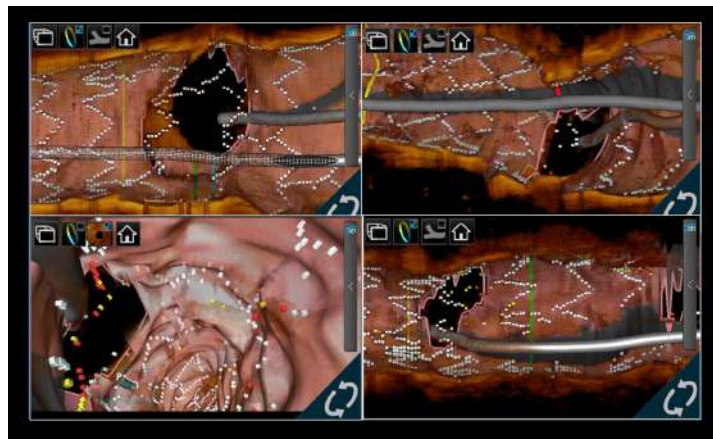
Wire repositioning
after run#2

15 %

PCI optimization
(Post dilation, etc..)
after run#3

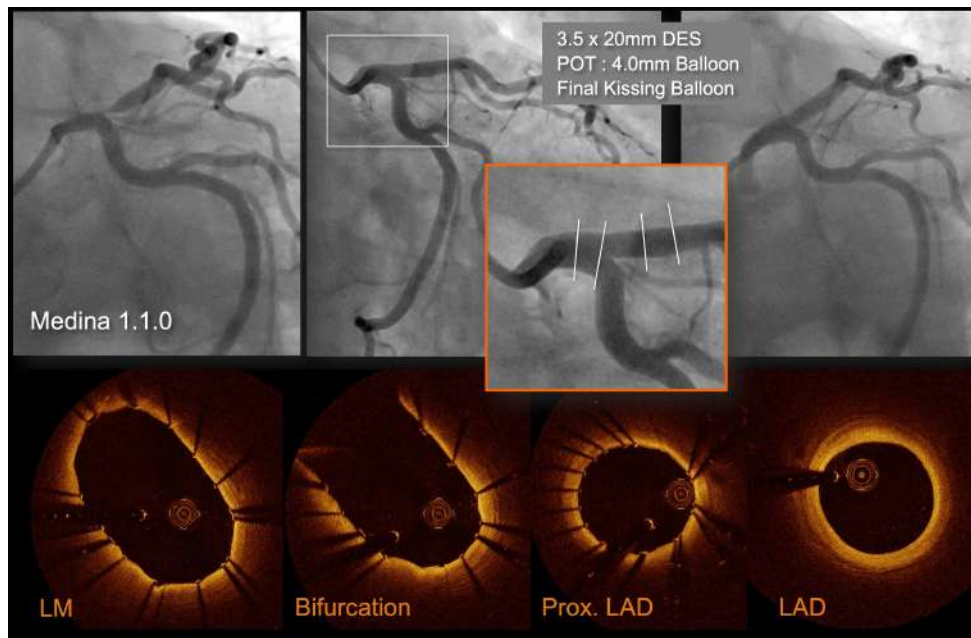
26 %

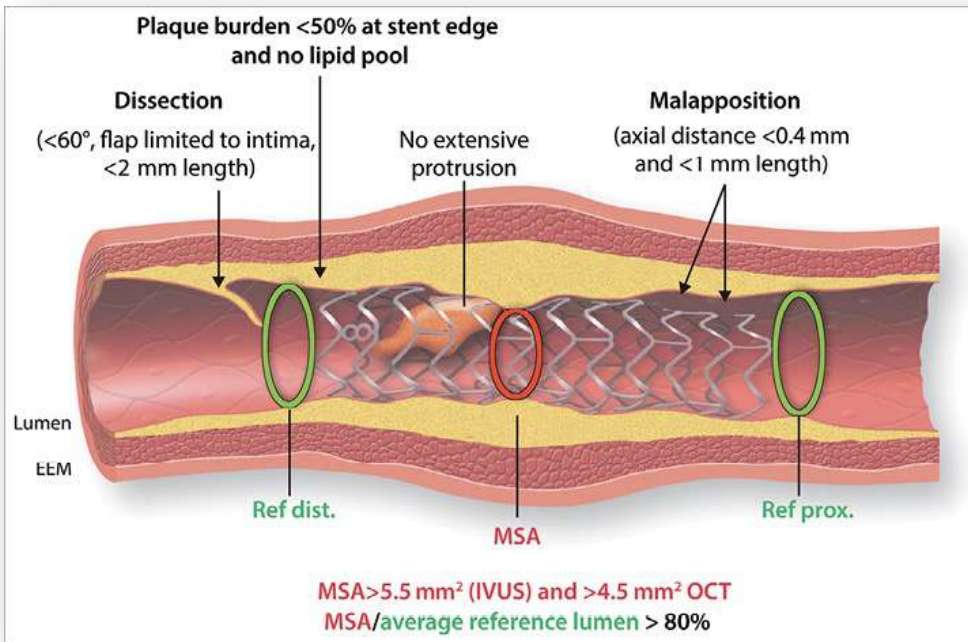
inadequate wire position



APRES la procédure

- Absence d'anomalies
- Nécessité de geste additionnel





Acceptable

Dissection <60°, intimale, <2mm

Plaque burden <50% en limite

Pas de protrusion extensive

Malapposition <400µm sur moins d'1mm

MSA > 4.5mm²

Expansion > 80%

+ pour LM PCI

Bonne ouverture des mailles (fille)

Pas de déplacement carène

Pas de déformation controlatérale

Räber L, Eurointervention 2018

2018 ESC/EACTS Guidelines on myocardial revascularization

The Task Force on myocardial revascularization of the European Society of Cardiology (ESC) and European Association for Cardio-Thoracic Surgery (EACTS)

Eur Heart J 2019

Recommendations on intravascular imaging for procedural optimization

| Recommendations | Class ^a | Level ^b |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|
| IVUS or OCT should be considered in selected patients to optimize stent implantation. ^{603,612,651–653} | IIa | B |
| IVUS should be considered to optimize treatment of unprotected left main lesions. ³⁵ | IIa | B |

© ESC 2018

DOCTORS - LM

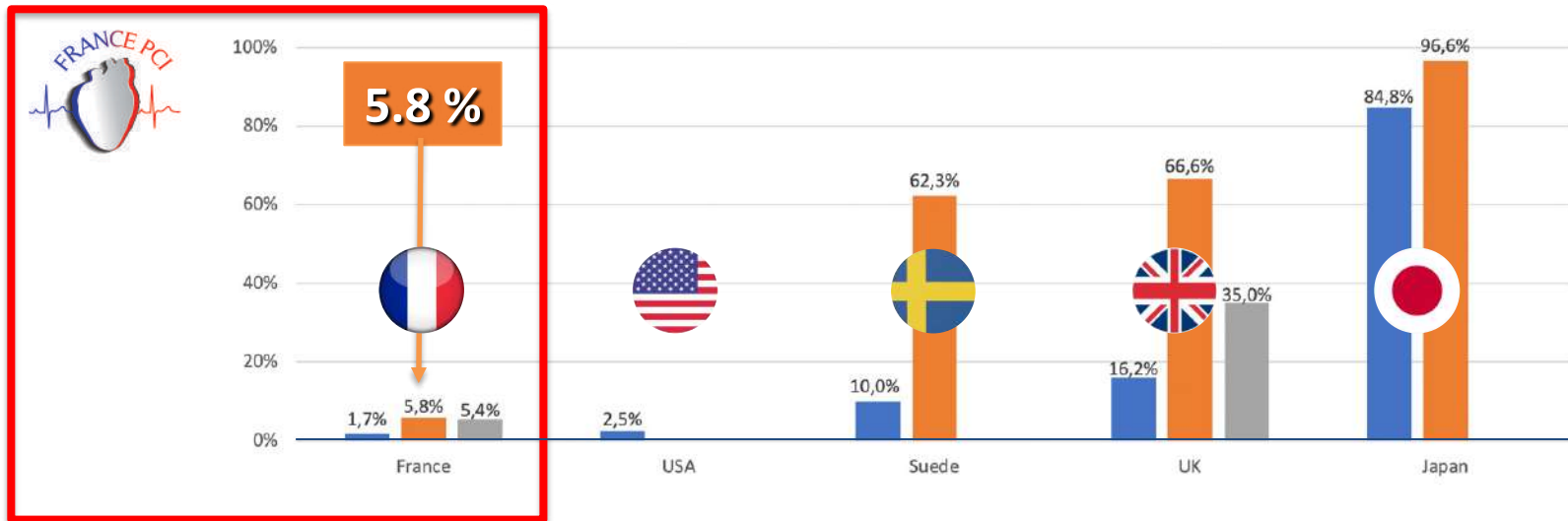
Does OCT Optimise Results of Stenting on the Left Main (DOCTORS-LM)
184 pts, FFR après **stenting TC angio guidée vs OCT guidée**



Meneveau N. 2023

IVUS ou OCT/ PCI selon pays et indications

● Toutes PCI ● LM PCI ● RIS



Rangé G, Annales de Cardiologie et d'Angéiologie 2022

Angioplastie du TC :

on en fait de plus en plus
enjeu clinique majeur, perfection exigée

Imagerie :

outil pédagogique
aide à la planification
aide à la réalisation
contrôle de la procédure



Lien étroit : Résultat optimal en imagerie ↔ Pronostic